

# SAFETY DATA SHEET of: RYMAX BRAKE CLEANER 500ML

Revision date: Tuesday, October 26, 2021

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking:

#### 1.1 Product identifier:

# RYMAX BRAKE CLEANER 500ML

UFI: /

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:

aerosols

Concentration in use: /

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:

**Rymax Lubricants** 

Delweg 8

6902 PJ Zvenaar

Phone: +310316740856 — E-mail: info@rymax-lubricants.com — Website: http://www.rymax-lubricants.com/

1.4 Emergency telephone number:

0031341452872

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification:

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

Classification of the substance or mixture in accordance with regulation (EU) 1272/2008

H222 Flam. Aerosol 1 H229 H315 Skin Irrit. 2 H336 STOT SE 3 H411 Aquatic Chronic 2

### 2.2 Label elements:

**Pictograms** 



#### Signal word

#### Danger

### Hazard statements

**H222 Flam. Aerosol 1:** Extremely flammable aerosol.

**H229:** Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

H315 Skin Irrit. 2: Causes skin irritation.

**H336 STOT SE 3:** May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**H411 Aquatic Chronic 2:** Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# Precautionary statements

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

**P251:** Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

**P280:** Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection.

**P403+P233:** Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P410+P412: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### Contains

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclic <5% n-hexane

#### 2.3 Other hazards:

None

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients:

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclic <5% n-hexane	≤ 80 %	CAS number: EINECS:	/ 921-024-6
		REACH Registration number:	01-2119475514-35
		CLP Classification:	H225 Flam. Liq. 2 H304 Asp. Tox. 1 H315 Skin Irrit. 2 H336 STOT SE 3 H411 Aquatic Chronic 2
Propane	≤ 10 %	CAS number:	74-98-6
		EINECS:	200-827-9
		REACH Registration number:	Annex V
		CLP Classification:	H220 Flam. Gas 1

	1		
Cyclohexane	≤ 7 %	CAS number:	110-82-7
		EINECS:	203-806-2
		REACH Registration number:	01-2119463273-41
		CLP Classification:	H225 Flam. Liq. 2 H304 Asp. Tox. 1 H315 Skin Irrit. 2 H336 STOT SE 3 H400 Aquatic Acute 1 H410 Aquatic Chronic 1
Carbon dioxide	≤ 3 %	CAS number:	124-38-9
		EINECS:	204-696-9
		REACH Registration number:	/
		CLP Classification:	
n-Hexane	≤ 3 %	CAS number:	110-54-3
		EINECS:	203-777-6
		REACH Registration number:	01-2119480412-44
		CLP Classification:	H225 Flam. Liq. 2 H304 Asp. Tox. 1 H315 Skin Irrit. 2 H336 STOT SE 3 H361f Repr. 2 H373 STOT RE 2 H411 Aquatic Chronic 2
		Additional data:	H373 >5%

For the full text of the H phrases mentioned in this section, see section 16.

# SECTION 4: First aid measures:

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures:

Always ask medical advice as soon as possible should serious or continuous disturbances occur.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing, rinse skin with plenty of water, if necessary seek

medical attention.

**Eye contact:** Thoroughly rinse with water (contact lenses to be removed if this is easily done)

then take to physician.

**Ingestion:** Rinse mouth, do not induce vomiting, take to hospital immediately.

**Inhalation:** Let sit upright, fresh air, rest and take to hospital.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Skin contact: Redness, pain

**Eye contact:** Redness, pain, blurred vision

Ingestion: Diarrhoea, headache, abdominal cramps, sleepiness, vomiting

**Inhalation:** Sore throat, cough, shortness of breath, headache

# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

None

# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures:

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media:

CO2, foam, powder, sprayed water

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

None

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Extinguishing agents to be avoided: None

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures:

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Do not walk into or touch spilled substances and avoid inhalation of fumes, smoke, dusts and vapours by staying up wind. Remove any contaminated clothing and used contaminated protective equipment and dispose of it safely.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Do not allow to flow into sewers or open water.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Contain released substance, store into suitable containers. If possible, remove by using absorbent material.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections:

For further information, check sections 8 & 13.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage:

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

Handle with care to avoid spillage.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Keep in a sealed container in a closed, frost-free, ventilated room.

# 7.3 Specific end use(s):

aerosols

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection:

#### 8.1 Control parameters:

Listing of the hazardous ingredients in section 3, of which the workplace exposure limit values are known

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclic <5% n-hexane 903 mg/m³, Propane 1800 mg/m³, Cyclohexane 350 mg/m³, Carbon dioxide 9131 mg/m³, n-Hexane 72 mg/m³

### 8.2 Exposure controls:

Inhalation protection:	If necessary, use an air-purifying face mask in case of respiratory hazards.	
Skin protection:	Handling with nitril-gloves (EN 374). Breakthrough time: >480' Material thickness: 0,35 mm. Thoroughly check gloves before use. Take of the gloves properly without touching the outside with your bare hands. The manufacturer of the protective gloves has to be consulted about the suitability for a specific work station. Wash and dry your hands.	
Eye protection:	Keep an eye-rinse bottle within reach. Tight-fitting safety goggles. Wear a face shield and protective suit in case of exceptional processing problems.	
Other protection:	Wear impermeable clothing. The type of protective equipment depends on the concentration and amount of hazardous substances at the work station in question.	
Environmental controls:	Comply with applicable environmental regulations limiting discharge to air, water and soil. Protect the environment by applying appropriate control measures to prevent or limit emissions. For further information, check sections 6 and 13.	
Engineering controls:	The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Adequate ventilation should be provided so that exposure limits are not exceeded. For further information, check section 7.	

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties:

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

Appearance/20°C: Liquid
Colour: colourless
Odour: characteristic

Melting point/melting range:

Boiling point/Boiling range:  $-57 \,^{\circ}\text{C} - 110 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable

9.500 %

Lower flammability or explosive limit, (Vol 1.000 %

%):

Upper flammability or explosive limit, (Vol

%):

Flash point: -12 °C
Auto-ignition temperature: 367 °C
Decomposition temperature: /

pH: /
pH 1% diluted in water: /

Kinematic viscosity, 40°C: 1 mm²/s

Solubility in water: Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not applicable

Vapour pressure/20°C; 853,000 Pa

Relative density, 20°C: 0.7140 kg/l

Vapour density: Not applicable

Particle characteristics: /

#### 9.2 Other information:

**Dynamic viscosity, 20°C:** 1 mPa.s

Sustained combustion test: /

Evaporation rate (n-BuAc = 1): 4.200

Volatile organic component (VOC): 97.00 %

Volatile organic component (VOC): 681.180 g/l

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity:

#### 10.1 Reactivity:

Stable under normal conditions.

# 10.2 Chemical stability:

Extremely high or low temperatures.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

None

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding + 50°C.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Keep away from sources of ignition

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

Under recommended usage conditions, hazardous decomposition products are not expected.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information:**

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

#### a) acute toxicity:

Not classified according to the CLP calculation method

Calculated acute toxicity, ATE oral: > 2,000 mg/kg
Calculated acute toxicity, ATE dermal: > 2,000 mg/kg

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclic <5% n-hexane	LD50 oral, rat: LD50 dermal, rabbit: LC50, Inhalation, rat, 4h:	2,000 mg/kg ≥ 5,000 mg/kg ≥ 50 mg/l
Propane	LD50 oral, rat: LD50 dermal, rabbit: LC50, Inhalation, rat, 4h:	≥ 5,000 mg/kg ≥ 5,000 mg/kg ≥ 50 mg/l
Cyclohexane	LD50 oral, rat: LD50 dermal, rabbit: LC50, Inhalation, rat, 4h:	≥ 5,000 mg/kg ≥ 5,000 mg/kg ≥ 50 mg/l

Carbon dioxide	LD50 oral, rat: LD50 dermal, rabbit: LC50, Inhalation, rat, 4h:	≥ 5,000 mg/kg ≥ 5,000 mg/kg ≥ 50 mg/l
n-Hexane	LD50 oral, rat: LD50 dermal, rabbit: LC50, Inhalation, rat, 4h:	≥ 5,000 mg/kg ≥ 5,000 mg/kg ≥ 50 mg/l

# b) skin corrosion/irritation:

H315 Skin Irrit. 2: Causes skin irritation.

### c) serious eye damage/irritation:

Not classified according to the CLP calculation method

# d) respiratory or skin sensitisation:

Not classified according to the CLP calculation method

# e) germ cell mutagenicity:

Not classified according to the CLP calculation method

### f) carcinogenicity:

Not classified according to the CLP calculation method

# g) reproductive toxicity:

Not classified according to the CLP calculation method

# h) STOT-single exposure:

 $\mbox{\sc H336}$  STOT SE 3: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

# i) STOT-repeated exposure:

Not classified according to the CLP calculation method

### i) aspiration hazard:

Not classified according to the CLP calculation method

### 11.2 Information on other hazards:

No additional data available

# SECTION 12: Ecological information:

# 12.1 Toxicity:

No additional data available

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability:

No additional data available

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

No additional data available

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil:

Water hazard class, WGK (AwSV): 2

Solubility in water: Not soluble

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

No additional data available

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties:

No additional data available

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects:

No additional data available

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations:

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods:

Draining into the sewers is not permitted. Removal should be carried out by licensed services. Possible restrictive regulations by local authority should always be adhered to.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information:**



### 14.1 UN number or ID number:

1950

# 14.2 UN proper shipping name:

UN 1950 Aerosols, flammable, 5F, (D)

#### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es):

Class(es): 5F

Identification number of the hazard: Not applicable

### 14.4 Packing group:

Not applicable

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards:

Environmentally hazardous

# 14.6 Special precautions for user:

**Hazard characteristics:** Risk of fire. Risk of explosion. Containments may explode when heated.

**Additional guidance:** Take cover. Keep out of low areas.

#### 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments:

Not applicable

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information:**

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

Water hazard class, WGK (AwSV): 2

Volatile organic component (VOC): 97.000 %
Volatile organic component (VOC): 681.180 g/l

Composition by regulation (EC) 648/2004: Aliphatic hydrocarbons > 30%

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment:

No data available

# SECTION 16: Other information:

#### Legend to abbreviations used in the safety data sheet:

ADR: The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous

Goods by Road

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF: Bioconcentration factor

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

**CLP:** Classification, Labelling and Packaging of chemicals

**EINECS:** European INventory of Existing commercial Chemical Substances

**LC50:** median Lethal Concentration for 50% of subjects

**LD50:** median Lethal Dose for 50% of subjects

Nr.: Number

PTB: Persistent, Toxic, Bioaccumulative
STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity
UFI: Unique Formula Identifier

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative substances

WGK: Water hazard class

**WGK 1:** Slightly hazardous for water

WGK 2: Hazardous for water

WGK 3: Extremely hazardous for water

# Legend to the H Phrases used in the safety data sheet

H220 Flam. Gas 1: Extremely flammable gas. H222 Flam. Aerosol 1: Extremely flammable aerosol. H225 Flam. Liq. 2: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H229: Pressurised container: May burst if heated. H304 Asp. Tox. 1: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H315 Skin Irrit. 2: Causes skin irritation. H336 STOT SE 3: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H361f Repr. 2: Suspected of damaging fertility. H373 STOT RE 2: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H400 Aquatic Acute 1: Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Aquatic Chronic 1: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **CLP Calculation method**

Calculation method

Reason of revision, changes of following items

None

**SDS** reference number

ECM-106805,0

This safety information sheet has been compiled in accordance with annex II/A of the regulation (EU) No 2020/878. Classification has been calculated in accordance with European regulation 1272/2008 with their respective amendments. It has been compiled with the utmost care. We cannot, however, accept responsibility for damage, of any kind, that may be caused by using these data or the product concerned. To use this preparation for an experiment or a new application, the user must carry out a material suitability and safety study himself.